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## A NUMNAH FOR INTERPOSITION BETWEEN A SADDLE AND AN ANIMAL TO BE RIDDEN

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

- 5 The present invention relates to a numnah/saddle pad for interposition between a saddle and the back of an animal to be ridden, e.g. a horse or a donkey.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

- 10 Numnahs are used as interlinings between a saddle and the back of an animal to be ridden. The function of the numnah is mainly to spare the back of the animal from direct contact with the saddle and to distribute the pressure from the weight of the rider evenly over the back of the animal. The numnah also protects the saddle from sweat that emanates from the body of the animal being ridden. Therefore, a numnah should have such mechanical properties that it can have a shock-absorbing function and also
- 15 distribute force and weight. The numnah must not be too stiff but neither can it be too soft. Preferably, the numnah shall also permit a certain ventilation since a numnah that is airtight causes the animal being ridden to produce more heat and sweat. This can be very uncomfortable for the animal being ridden. Moreover, the numnah must lie close on the back of the animal being ridden and not glide too easily against the back of the animal. It has been suggested in e.g. WO 93/15998 that, in order to prevent slipping between the numnah and the back of the animal, a numnah can be provided with a friction surface facing the back of the animal being ridden. In WO 01/10772, a numnah is disclosed that comprises a base layer made of polyvinyl chloride with an open cell structure. According to the above indicated WO 01/10772, a suitable material may be a
- 20 material sold under the name "GALFOAM Metallocene Foam GM300" that is said to be available from Palziv in Israel. This numnah also comprises a scrim layer having a non-slip surface which may be juxtaposed the back of the animal to be ridden. The scrim layer comprises a planar polymer foam matrix configured to provide a plurality of open air pockets extending to the base layer.

- 25 It is an object of the present invention to provide a numnah having such mechanical properties that it may distribute the weight of the rider gently over the back of the animal to be ridden. It is a further objective of the invention to provide a numnah with a high permeability to air and thereby a good ventilating effectiveness. Moreover, it is an object of the invention to provide a numnah that has a good capacity for taking care of
- 30 sweat from the animal being ridden.

**DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to a numnah for interposition between a saddle and an animal to be ridden. The inventive numnah comprises a first layer that constitutes a base layer made of polymer foam with an open cell structure and a second layer in the form of a cover fabric with an open structure that will face the back of the animal when the numnah is placed on an animal to be ridden. The base layer is made of polyurethane foam and comprises at least 50% recycled polyurethane foam. The base layer preferably has a hardness of 10 – 35 (Asker type C). The thickness of the numnah is suitably in the range of 2 – 20 mm and preferably in the range of 4 – 12 mm. For example, a suitable thickness may be 6 mm. The base layer preferably has a water absorption capacity of at least 300% by weight. Preferably, the base layer has a water absorption capacity of at least 500% by weight.

Preferably, the base layer contains activated carbon. The permeability to air is 150 – 300  $l/m^2$  sec. The numnah has an edge and at least a part of the edge is suitably curved inwardly.

A material that is very suitable for the base layer is Poliyou®.

**DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

Fig. 1 shows a numnah placed on the back of an animal to be ridden.

Fig. 2 shows a numnah of a somewhat different shape.

Fig. 3 shows in cross-section the shape of an edge part of a numnah according to the present invention.

Fig. 4 is a schematic representation of a numnah made of Poliyou®

**DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION**

In Fig. 1, a numnah 1 is showed applied on the back of an animal 3 to be ridden. In Fig. 2, a different kind of numnah 2 is showed as being positioned on the back of an animal 3 to be ridden. A numnah may sometimes be shaped as the numnah 2 in Fig. 2 in order to save material. The numnah 1, 2 is curved in two directions – i.e. it has a saddle shape – and is thus formed with a curvature or curved section 8 that is adjusted to the longitudinal curvature of the back of an animal 3 to be ridden. As can be seen from Fig. 3, the numnah is also curved in the cross direction with a curvature 7. The present invention relates to a numnah 1, 2 for interposition between a saddle and an animal to be ridden 3. From Fig. 4, it can be seen how the inventive numnah 1, 2 comprises a first layer 4 that constitutes a base layer 4 of polymer foam having an open cell structure and

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a second layer 5 in the form of a cover fabric 5 which will face the back of the animal 3 to be ridden. A thin outer layer 9 is facing outwardly, away from the animal 3 to be ridden. The cover fabric 5 can suitably be a layer of knitted polyester with an open structure to allow air and sweat to pass through. The base layer 4 is substantially made of polyurethane foam and it comprises at least 50% recycled polyurethane foam. The base layer 4 has a hardness of 10 – 35 (Asker C). The thickness of the numnah 1, 2, may suitably be in the range of 2 mm – 20mm and preferably in the range of 4 mm – 12 mm. The thickness of 2 – 20 mm or 4 – 12 mm includes the combined thickness of the base layer 4, the cover fabric 5 and the thin outer layer 9. The outer layer 9 is made stretchable in order for it to be formable. The greatest part of the total thickness comes from the base layer 4 while the thickness of the cover fabric 5 and the thin outer layer 9 is almost negligible or very small compared to the thickness of the base layer 4. The base layer 4 further has a water absorption capacity of at least 300% by weight. Preferably, the base layer 4 has a water absorption capacity of at least 500 %. The cover fabric 5 preferably constitutes a non-slip inner layer. The cells of the base layer 4 are preferably open in such a way as to provide open channels straight through the base layer 4 in order to provide good permeability for air and liquid.

The base layer 4 preferably contains activated carbon and it preferably has a permeability to air in the range of 150 – 300 l/m<sup>2</sup>sec. The activated carbon reduces odour and contributes to counteract or limit bacteria and fungus. In addition, the base layer may have biocides to kill bacteria and fungus.

A material that is particularly suitable for the base layer 4 is the material sold under the name Poliyou® and is sold by Kun Huang Enterprise Corporation. In the context of this patent application, Poliyou® may in particular be understood as such a polymer foam that is manufactured according to the method specified in the European published patent application No. 92301089.6 with publication number EP 0 555 568 A1 and entitled "Process for making a foam material". In the European patent publication 0 555 568 A1, a process is described where a polymer foam is made through a method that comprises the use of recycled foam where a previously formed foam material is comminuted into particles. The particles are dried to dried particles which can be made in an oven at a temperature of 150 °C. The dried particles are then impregnated with a first foaming reaction solution that may be made up of a polyol, a catalyst and additives in a predetermined ratio. In this way, first impregnated particles are obtained. The first impregnated particles are then rolled and pressed so as to obtain rolled particles. The rolled particles are then mixed with a second foaming reaction solution so as to obtain

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second impregnated particles. The second foaming reaction solution may comprise TDI (tolylene-diisocyanate) and 60% of polyol by weight. The second impregnated particles are then subjected to steam. Thanks to this method of manufacturing, one gains, for example, the advantage of a high air permeability. The specification of EP 0 555 568 is  
5 incorporated herein by reference and the applicant reserves the right to further define the present invention by adding to the claims such limitations or technical information that may be found in EP 0 555 568 A1.

Presently – in October 2002 – Poliyou® is commercially available in Sweden from  
10 Teges Jerndahls Skinn & Läder with the adress Gesällgatan 3, Box 66, SE - 692 22 KUMLA.

Poliyou® is made from polyurethane and it typically comprises 50 – 70% recycled polyurethane. The material contains millions of tiny air bubbles and it is therefore very  
15 light. Poliyou® contains activated carbon. Suitably, it may contain about 5% activated carbon. That the base layer 4 of the numnah 1, 2 contains activated carbon gives the advantage that unpleasant smell can be absorbed. In addition to activated carbon, Poliyou® may comprise biocides to kill bacteria and fungus. If biocides are used, one gains the advantage that unpleasant smell can be avoided. Additionally, the risk of  
20 irritating the back of the animal being ridden is decreased.

In tests, Poliyou® foams with a suitable thickness has been found to have an air permeability of 200 l/m<sup>2</sup>sek which must be regarded as a good value. A high air permeability confers the advantage that ventilation is improved and the animal being  
25 ridden will sweat less.

In comparative tests where Poliyou® foams have been tested together with other foam materials, it has been found that Poliyou® foams have a very high water absorption capacity. Tests have shown that a piece of Poliyou® foam was capable of absorbing  
30 water up to 320% of its own weight and the absorption time was only 15 seconds. A different polyurethane foam (not Poliyou®) that was also tested could only absorb water up to 64% of its own weight and the absorption time was 45 seconds.

The same test was also performed on a variant of Poliyou® foam that is sold under the name Hydro-Poliyou® and that currently – in October 2002 – is sold by Kun Huang  
35 Enterprise Corporation in Taiwan. It was found that Hydro-Poliyou® was capable of absorbing water up to 522% of its own weight and the absorption time was only 6

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seconds. Hydro-Poliyou® is also available in Sweden from Teges Jerndahls Skinn & Läder with the address Gesällgatan 3, Box 66, SE - 692 22 KUMLA.

It was also found that Poliyou® foams, especially Hydro-Poliyou® foams, have a superior desorption capacity. In order to determine whether Poliyou® foam is a suitable material for a numnah, the inventor of the present invention has made comparative tests between a numnah made of Poliyou® and numnahs made of other materials. The other numnahs tested included a numnah made of a cotton material and a numnah made of a polyester material. The testing was made by using different numnahs during riding. The animal being ridden was a horse. The comparative tests yielded the following results. The subjective experience during riding was that the Poliyou® numnah resulted in a better distribution of pressure and a softer and more gentle feeling than what was experienced when the other numnahs were used. Visual inspection after riding revealed that the horse was clearly less sweaty after use of the Poliyou® numnah compared to what was experienced when the other numnahs were used. Finally, it was also found that some days after riding, the Poliyou® numnah smelled much less than the other numnahs. One Poliyou® numnah that was used for testing had a hardness of 25 (Asker C) and a thickness of 6 mm. It was found that this numnah could distribute pressure very effectively over the body of the animal being ridden.

That less sweat was produced can be partially explained by the high air permeability but an additional important reason is the high liquid absorption capacity of Poliyou®.

Poliyou® foam is commercially available in different qualities. In Sweden, Poliyou® foams are currently (October 2002) available in at least three different qualities: Poliyou® 10D, Poliyou® 25D och Poliyou® 35D where the numbers indicate hardness (Asker Type C). During tests, it has been found that a Poliyou® 10D foam is not as stiff as would be desirable for a numnah even though other qualities such as water absorption and air permeability are very good. However, it has been found that a Poliyou® 25D foam has good mechanical properties and is especially well suited for a numnah. It is also possible to use a Poliyou® 35D foam but it has been discovered during testing that a Poliyou® 35D foam is more stiff than what is preferable.

The numnah 1, 2 has an edge 6. During long term use of a numnah 1, 2, the edge 6 of the numnah can become folded upwards which causes the contact against the animal to deteriorate. To prevent this, the edge 6 or at least a part of the edge 6 can be curved inwards as indicated in Fig. 3. If the edge 6 is curved inwards, i.e. towards the animal 3

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being ridden, one gains the advantage that the edge 6 will not so easily become folded upwards.

5 Thanks to the thickness of the inventive numnah in combination with a hardness in the range of 25 – 35 (Asker C), a very even distribution of pressure can be achieved.

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**CLAIMS**

1. A numnah (1, 2) for interposition between a saddle and an animal (3) to be ridden, the numnah (1, 2) comprising a first layer (4) that constitutes a base layer (4) of polymer foam with an open cell structure and a second layer (5) in the form of a cover fabric (5) with an open structure intended to be applied against the back of the animal (3) being ridden, characterised in that the base layer (4) substantially consists of a polyurethane foam and at least 50% recycled polyurethane foam, that it has an Asker type C hardness in the range of 10 – 35, in that the numnah has a thickness in the range of 2 – 20 mm and a water absorption capacity of at least 300% of its own weight and preferably at least 320% of its own weight.
2. A numnah (1, 2) according to claim 1, characterised in that the base layer (4) has a water absorption capacity of at least 500% of its own weight.
3. A numnah (1, 2) according to claim 1 or claim 2, characterised in that the base layer (4) contains activated carbon.
4. A numnah (1, 2) according to any of claims 1 – 3, characterised in that the base layer (4) has an air permeability of 150 – 300 l/m<sup>2</sup>sec.
5. A numnah (1, 2) according to any of claims 1 – 4, characterised in that the numnah (1, 2) has an edge (6) and in that at least a part of the edge (6) is curved inwards.
6. A numnah (1, 2) according to any of claims 1 – 5, characterised in that the base layer consists of a Poliyou® foam.



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### ABSTRACT

The invention relates to a numnah for interposition between a saddle and an animal to be ridden. The numnah comprises a first layer that constitutes a base layer of polymer foam with an open cell structure and a second layer in the form of a cover fabric with an open structure intended to be applied against the back of the animal to be ridden. The base layer substantially consists of polyurethane foam and at least 50% recycled polyurethane foam with a high water absorption capacity. A suitable material may be a Poliyou® foam.

**Fig. 2**

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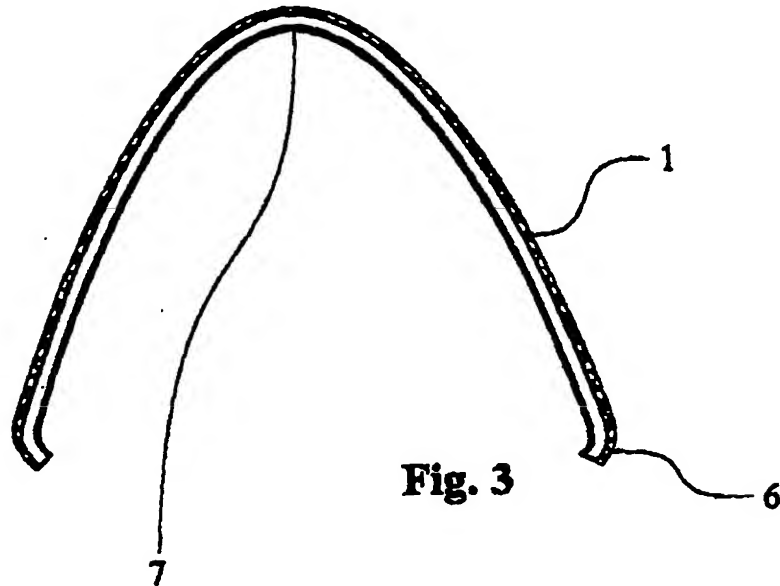


Fig. 3

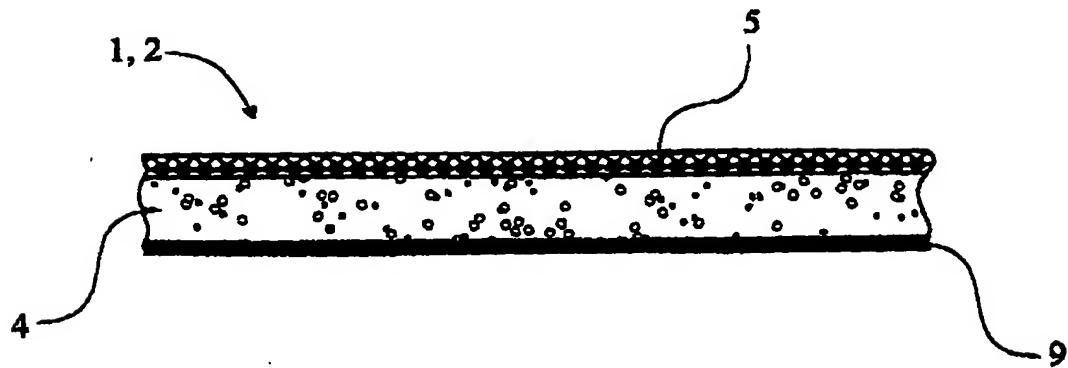


Fig. 4